

## Jerry Hionis, Jr.

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CONTACT INFORMATION	<u>Graduate Program:</u> Department of Economics, Temple University 1301 Cecil B. Moore Ave Philadelphia, PA 19122-6091 USA	<u>Home Address:</u> 1117 Putman Blvd Wallingford, PA 19086 <i>E-mail:</i> <a href="mailto:jhionis@gmail.com">jhionis@gmail.com</a> <i>Phone:</i> +1-610-247-4763
WEBSITE	<a href="http://jerryhionis.weebly.com">http://jerryhionis.weebly.com</a>	
PERSONAL INFORMATION	<u>Citizenship:</u> USA <u>Date of Birth:</u> June 22, 1982	
UNDERGRADUATE STUDIES	B.S., Economics, Saint Joseph's University, June 2004	
GRADUATE STUDIES	M.A., Economics, Temple University, 2007 Ph.D., Economics, Temple University, 2013 <u>Dissertation Title:</u> "Non-Parasitic Warlords and Geography" <u>Dissertation Committee:</u> Professor Dimitrios Diamantaras (Chair)      Professor Dai Zusai Associate Professor      Assistant Professor Temple University      Temple University 813 Ritter Hall Annex      881 Ritter Hall 1301 Cecil B. Moore Avenue      1301 Cecil B. Moore Avenue Philadelphia, PA 19122-6091      Philadelphia, PA 19122-6091 (215)-204-8169      (215)-204-1762 <a href="mailto:dimitrios.diamantaras@temple.edu">dimitrios.diamantaras@temple.edu</a> <a href="mailto:zusai@temple.edu">zusai@temple.edu</a>  Professor Moritz Ritter Assistant Professor Temple University 809 Ritter Hall Annex 1301 Cecil B. Moore Avenue Philadelphia, PA 19122-6091 (215)-204-5029 <a href="mailto:moritz.ritter@temple.edu">moritz.ritter@temple.edu</a>	
RESEARCH INTERESTS	Conflict Theory, Economics of Defense, Applied Microeconomic Theory, Islamic Economic Theory and History, Development Economics, Political Theory, Game Theory	
RESEARCH EXPERIENCE	<b>Research Assistant for Dr. John Sorrentino</b> , Spring 2005 - Spring 2006 Research included the economic history of poverty within the United States since World War II and applied Georgian economic theory to the Organic Agriculture sector.  <b>Research Assistant for Dr. Andrew Buck</b> , Fall 2006 - Fall 2009 Research included the application of eBay data and nonparametric econometric techniques (kernel and quantile regression methods) to estimate the common assumptions of second-price live auctions.	

TEACHING  
EXPERIENCE

**Temple University**, Philadelphia, PA (sample graded material and student evaluations available upon request)

Instructor:

**Fall 2005 to Present**

- Introduction to Macroeconomics
  - \* Semesters taught: Summer Session 2005, Summer Session 2006, Summer Session 2007, Spring 2008, Fall 2008, Spring 2009, Summer Session 2009, Fall 2009, Spring 2010, Fall 2010, Spring 2011
- Introduction to Microeconomics
  - \* Semesters taught: Summer Session 2007, Summer Session 2008, Fall 2013 and Spring 2014
- Intermediate Microeconomics
  - \* Semester taught: Summer Session 2010
- Global Economic Issues
  - \* Semesters taught: Fall 2007, Fall 2010, Fall 2013 and Spring 2014
- Economics for Education Majors
  - \* Semester taught: Spring 2011
- Introduction to Economics
  - \* Semester taught: Fall 2007

**Saint Joseph's University**, Philadelphia, PA (sample graded material and student evaluations available upon request)

Instructor:

**Fall 2008 to Present**

- Introduction to Microeconomics
  - \* Semesters taught: Fall 2008, Spring 2009, Fall 2010, Spring 2010, Fall 2011, Spring 2012, Fall 2012, Spring 2013, Fall 2013
- Introduction to Macroeconomics
  - \* Semester taught: Summer 2012 and Spring 2014
- Game Theory
  - \* Semesters taught: Fall 2011, Spring 2013 and Spring 2014

Course Creation:

- Game Theory
  - \* Requested by the department head to develop a Game Theory course, which had never been taught previously within the economics department; for both non-math majors (3 credit course) and math majors (4 credit course).

Teaching Reference:

Professor Benjamin H. Liebman  
Associate Professor, Department of Economics  
Saint Joseph's University  
Barbelin 107G  
5600 City Ave  
Philadelphia, 19131  
(610)-660-1553  
bliebman@sju.edu

**Bryn Athyn College**, Bryn Athyn, PA

Instructor:

**Fall 2012 to Present**

- Introduction to Macroeconomics
  - \* Semesters taught: Fall 2012 and Fall 2013
- Introduction to Microeconomics
  - \* Semester taught: Spring 2014

- Development Economics
  - \* Semesters taught: Winter 2013/2014
- Interdisciplinary Senior Seminar
  - \* Semester taught: Winter 2013/2014

Course Creation:

- Development Economics
  - \* Requested by (Dean) Dr. Bedford to develop a Development Economics course, the only upper division economics course ever offered at the institution.

Consultant:

- Economics and Business Sciences Consultant for Interdisciplinary Capstone Thesis students
  - \* Spring 2013 through Spring 2014

**Widener University**, Chester, PA

Instructor:

**Spring 2013**

- Women, Men and Work
  - \* Semester taught: Spring 2013

AWARDS

**Teaching Awards**

Fox School of Business and Management, Temple University

- Teaching-By-Graduate-Student Award, May 2008

Department of Economics, Temple University

- Departmental Award for Outstanding Teaching by a Graduate Student, April 2011

**Assistantship Awards**

Department of Economics, Temple University

- Award of Assistantship, Spring 2005 through Spring 2008

CONFERENCES  
AND INVITED  
TALKS

**Confrences**

2013 Southern Economic Association Conference; Tampa, Florida

- “Non-Parasitic Warlords and Geography”

2014 Eastern Economic Association Conference; Boston, Massachusetts

- “Symmetric and Asymmetric Rates of Seizure within a Warlord Conflict”

**Invited Talks**

RadTalks at New York University; New York City, NY

- “Islamic Economics: What it is and where it should be going”

Economics Department of Saint Joseph’s University; Philadelphia, PA

- “Introduction to the Field of *Islamic Economics* with a Focus on the Microeconomic Foundations”

SKILLS

Intermediate: Matlab, LaTeX, Microsoft Excel, R (Open-source Statistical Software)  
Basic: Mathematica, EViews

This paper presents an extension of the warlord competition models found in Skaperdas (2002) and Konrad and Skaperdas (2012). I consider two non-parasitic warlords located on a line. Each warlord allocates resources for the extraction of natural resources, the production of goods and services, and conflict with the opposing warlord. I use three different forms of the contest success function, a primary tool in the conflict theory literature, in my analysis. I show that the warlord closer to the point of conflict will invest less into the hiring of warriors and more into the production of goods and services, yet wins a larger proportion of total goods and services produced within the economy. Under certain conditions, the placement of the of conflict being placed at the midpoint between the two warlords maximizes the total resources devoted to war and minimizes total production.